Five Days Without Nights

Erma Chinander and Muriel Rocene of the Covenan

THE ALARM rang at 5:15 a.m. on Tuesday, June 26. It wasn't hard to get up when we realized that this was the day we were to leave for Alaska on a 75th anniversary tour sponsored by the Covenant world missions department. These were to be days without nights—both because of the fact that it was the time of the midnight sun in Alaska and because of our full travel schedule.

The evening before, at a briefing session at Seattle Pacific College under the leadership of our tour director, Ralph P. Hanson, executive secretary of world missions, we had become acquainted with our fellow travelers. There were Covenant executives, ministers, doctors, nurses, teachers, housewives, engineers, secretaries, office personnel, contractors, accountants, a stock broker, lawyer, farmer, some retired as well as some "tired" members. The group was very congenial (all 45 of them), and the humor displayed portended good times ahead. Lloyd Sundstrom, manager of KICY, became the 46th member of our group from Seattle to Anchorage, enroute to his home in Nome.

Flight No. 2881 was called at the Sea-Tac airport, and we said farewell to friends who had come to bid us journey mercies. As we flew over the mountains and glaciers, people moved from side to side of the plane to view the sites and take pictures. Our pilot told us that Alaska is more than twice the size of Texas and has one-third Seattle's population. It has more coastline than the entire "lower 48" and the average temperatures range from 45 to 85 during the summer. The city of Nome is farther west than Hawaii. It is the only state with four time zones, and we had firsthand experience with all four in our travels.

FAIRBANKS. Our introduction to Alaska was via a visit to the University of Alaska in Fairbanks, where Missionary Maynard Londborg who is studying there for the summer, welcomed us. Our bus tour also included a visit to one of three gold dredges still in operation. Fairbanks is the northern terminus of the Alaska Highway and has a population of 15,000.

ANCHORAGE. From Fairbanks we flew on a DC4, which is the customary type plane for interior Alaska transportation, to Anchorage, a city of 45,000 (75,000 including military) which would compare favorably with any of our fastgrowing cities in the "lower 48." We were met by a caravan of cars driven by missionaries and members of the local Covenant church and shown the city, with stops at the new and lovely parsonage of Paul and Nelle Carlson; the studio of native painter George Ahgupuk; the "Gilded Cage" for shopping; and then to our hotel rooms.

We eagerly anticipated the dinner prepared for us at the Salvation Army hall, and our hosts and hostesses for the evening included some native Alaskans as well as some native 48ers. A highlight of the evening was the dedication of the site of First Covenant church of Anchorage. A Frontier check of \$10,019 was presented by Joseph C. Danielson, executive secretary of home missions. President Clarence A. Nelson led in the dedicatory prayer, and the audience sang "In the Sweet By and By"first in English, then Eskimo, and then Swedish.

It was still Tuesday, and what's more, still daylight, when we returned to our hotels at 9 p.m.—about 20 hours after our alarm had rung in Seattle. Though twilight persisted, we were ready for bed.

UNALAKLEET. If we thought a 6:30 departure from Seattle Pacific College was bad, it was only an introduction to leaving our hotels at 5:45 a.m. on Wednesday. Departure from the airport was on time and the flight uneventful, except for the bit of anxiety about landing at Unalakleet due to heavy fog. We were greeted by Norman Barram,

Alfred White, Paul Lindholm, Wilmer Oudal, and some of the Eskimofriends.

After a delicious lunch, we make a tour of Covenant high school are watched natives cutting king salmed for commercial marketing. Next we were transported army fashion-which was the occasion for many of hearty laugh—to the radar installation site in the area. This site is part of the NORAD system, and was exceedingly interesting to selfirsthand the precautions used assure America's defense against the enemy.

A unique experience in Unalable leet was the visit by invitation to the homes of native people for afternoon coffee. Some of the ladies had made coffee bread, cake, and picture that would rival our Swedish cooking. Dinner at night was in the basement of the Covenant church We enjoyed king salmon steaks prepared by native ladies, together with all the other foods prepared by our missionaries, for a lovely meal.

An anniversary service in the pine-paneled church sanctuary for lowed. The program included a wel come by the church chairman, John Auliye, and a greeting from the Rev Arvid Stenstrom of Sweden, who together with his wife was an ap preciated guest on the entire trip A representative of the Swedist Covenant Church actually began the work in Unalakleet 75 years ago and then turned it over to the Amer ican Covenant two years lates President Nelson gave a greeting and presented the beautiful illumin ated manuscript prepared for the 75th anniversary of Alaska mis sions. This manuscript was firm presented at the annual meeting Seattle to the representative of Alaska and was in turn presented to each of the churches we visited It will be finally placed in the Una lakleet church. The assistant pas tor, young Dana Kopanuk, and his wife, told of their work in vacation Bible school this summer. Both are recent graduates of our Unalak

eadquarters Staff, Chicago, Describe the Missions Tour to Alaska.



Members of the 75th anniversary tour party bound for Alaska pose for icture prior to their departure from Sea-Tac airport near Seattle, Washton. They spent five days in the 49th state.

let high school and Dana is now wolled in the seminary there.

We were housed largely in the hard hard hard homes. Some of the men se sleeping bags and an all-night thing trip. It was a wonderful perience, they reported—but no

Thursday morning, as guests in homes of our hosts and hostis, we enjoyed a sourdough panide breakfast. Our plane was deide in taking us to Nome, but this
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but before we leave Unalakleet, must share the experience of hering at the gravesite of pioneer rionary A. E. Karlson. We recogd from pictures the tombstone its inscription, "When he came, were no Christians; when he there were no pagans." Standwith us were living evidences of the truth of the inscription—Eskimo friends whose lives had been redeemed and reflected the love of Jesus Christ.

Nome. Our pilot had to make an instrument landing in Nome (population 2,300) due to heavy fog. There we were met by the Roald Amundsons; Ralph Fondell, whose uncle, Elmer Fondell, was in our party; Ernie Hansons; Howard Nelsons, whose parents, the Raymond Nelsons, were also in the party; Lloyd Sundstroms; Ruth Ost Towner and family; Erma Johnson; and several natives.

A bus transported us to the Lutheran church where a tasty *smörgås-bord* was served by the missionary staff. The afternoon tour, with Ruth Ost Towner as guide, took us to the transmitter of KICY and a stop at King Island to watch native ivory carvers at work. Then our bus continued out of Nome, where we walked one mile to Claim No. 9, the famous gold-mining site in Covenant history.

Following a reindeer barbecue in the evening, we visited the KICY studio and made a tape for broadcast the following day. We were impressed with KICY's facilities and felt this was a shining example of the Covenant's participation in a new Alaska—an equivalent to the pace set by our government hospitals and institutions erected in the last few years.

Friday morning was ideal for flying so our charter flight to Cape Prince of Wales was on! Our pilot circled over the hillsides to show us a herd of grazing caribou. We glimpsed the village of Wales far below us, and then flew out to Little Diomede Island. The pilot commented that in all his flying in this area, he had seen clear weather like we had only two or three times before. We flew between little Diomede (U. S.) and Big Diomede (Russia) islands and viewed the coast of Siberia. One wing of our plane was in "today" and one in "tomorrow" as we touched the international date line.

Back in Nome in the afternoon some of the men visited a gold dredge and the rest of us went shopping, with Nome's "board-walk" displaying articles of ivory, jade, gold, hematite, and fur. Eskimo Covenanters came in from their fish camps to join us for the anniversary service Friday evening. Eskimo men gave witness to their faith in Christ and graciously helped us to realize the happiness they experience in their Christian lives. At the close of the service we were invited to "open house" at the missionary homes. This afforded another opportunity to visit with the missionaries, sense their concern for the work, and appreciate some of the problems of living in this northernmost part of our land. These missionary homes and the three hotels furnished us lodging in Nome.

KOTZEBUE. Saturday morning we began our trek home via Kotzebue, a village 30 miles north of the Arctic Circle. Here we were in the realm of the midnight sun and in

(See BUSY DAYS, page 13)